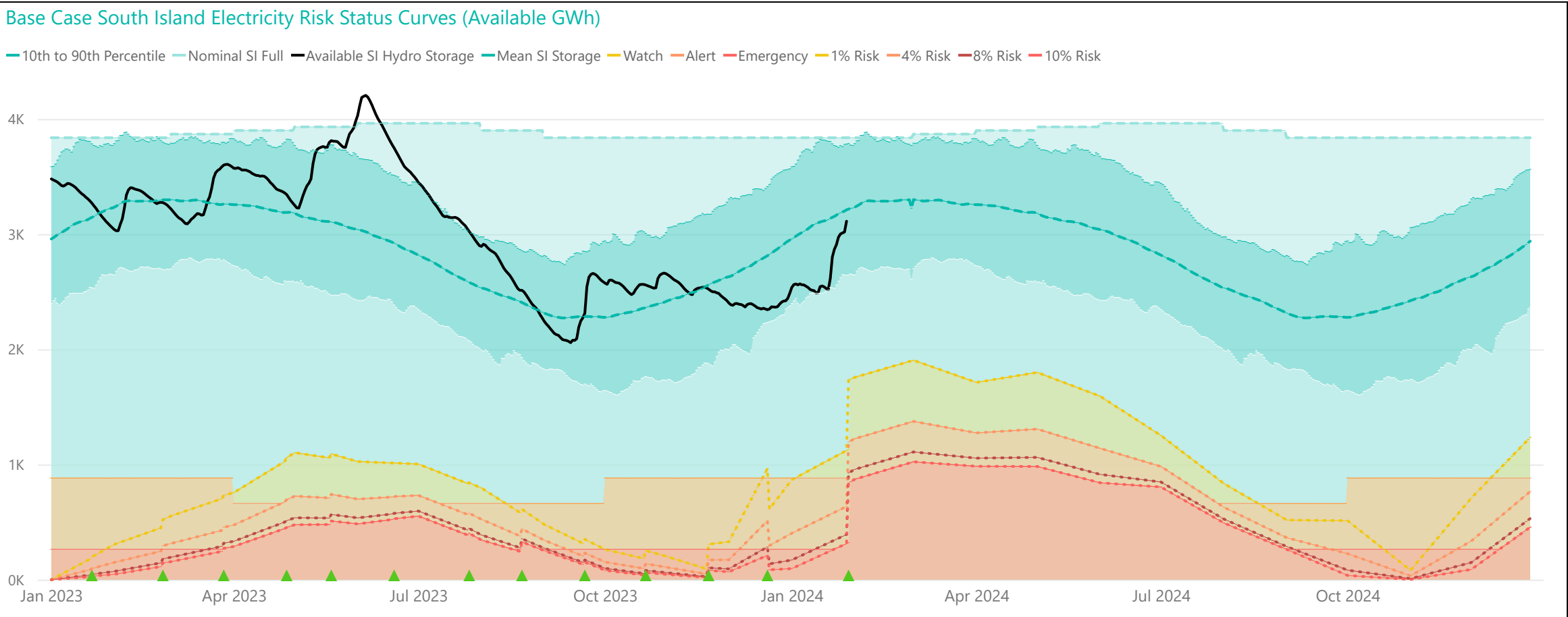
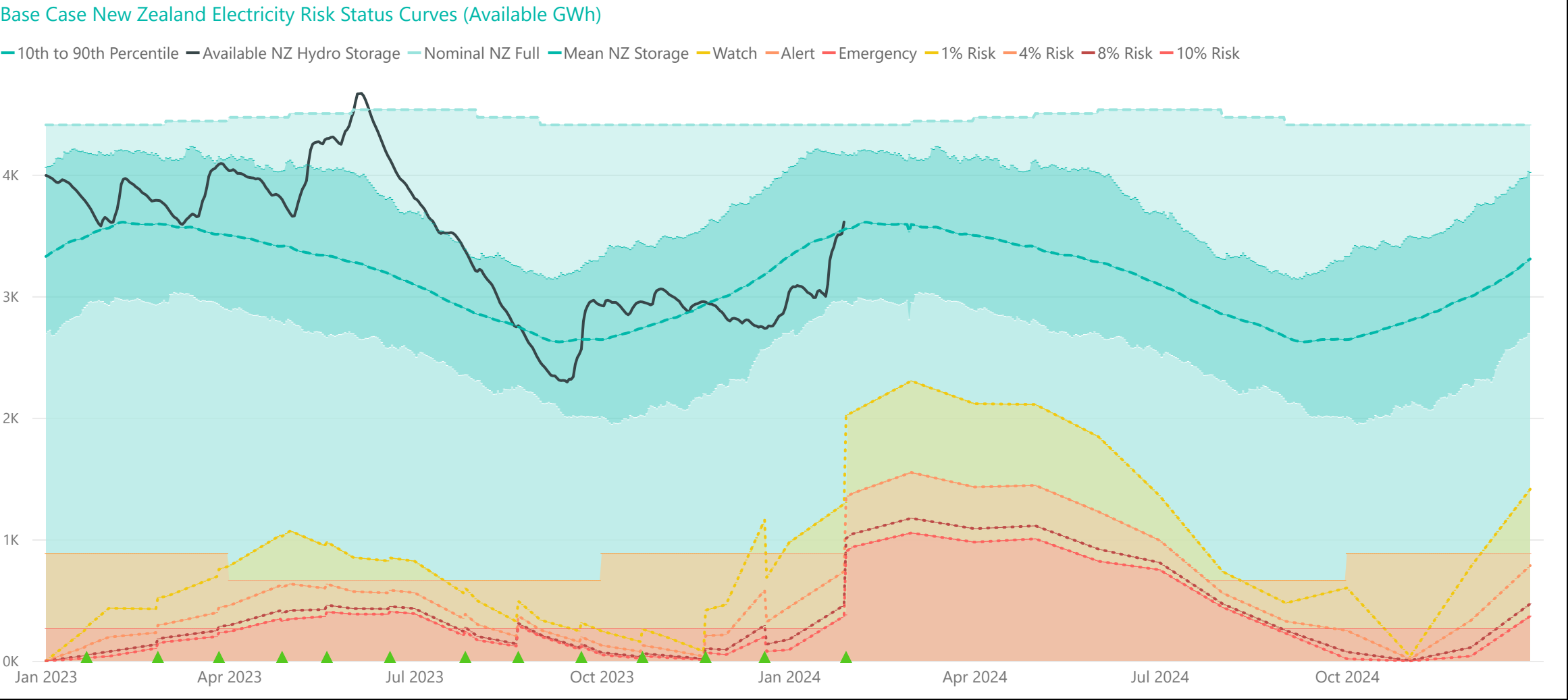




Base Case - Electricity Risk Curves ERCs

Monday, 29 January 2024

- The January 2024 ERC update was published on 29 January with the following updates:
- Planned generation outages.
 - Gas production forecasts for major gas fields. There was a decrease in total gas production forecast over 2024 compared to the assumptions used last month.
 - Forecast gas consumption and production profiles based on recent data.
 - Treatment of partial station outages.



Electricity Risk Curve Explanation:

Watch Curve - The maximum of the one percent risk curve and the floor and buffer

Alert Curve - The maximum of the four percent risk curve and the floor and buffer

Emergency Curve - The maximum of the 10 percent risk curve and the floor and buffer

Official Conservation Campaign Start - The Emergency Curve

Official Conservation Campaign Stop - The maximum of the eight percent risk curve and the floor and buffer

Triggers and actions of Watch/Alert/Emergency status are set only by the official base case curves (not scenario curves).

Note: The floor is equal to the amount of contingent hydro storage that is linked to the specific electricity risk curve, plus the amount of contingent hydro storage linked to electricity risk curves representing higher levels of risk of future shortage, if any. The buffer is 50 GWh.



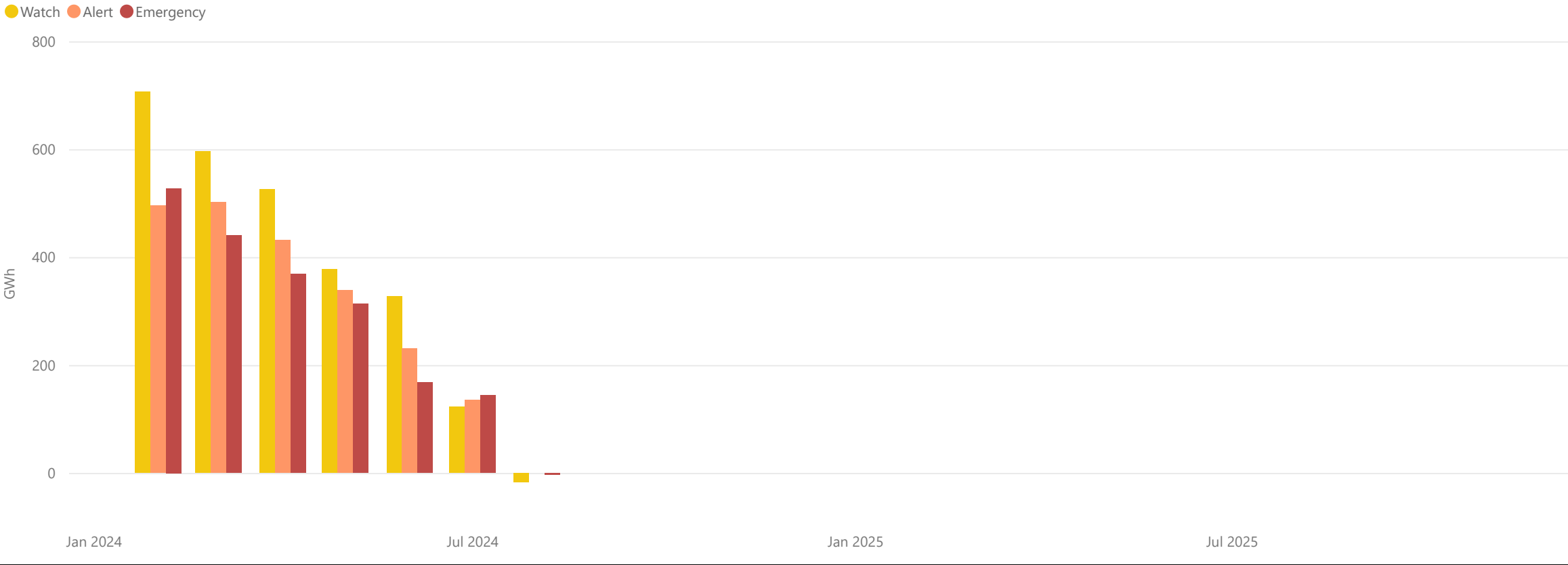
Base Case - Changes in the Electricity Risk Curves From Previous Month

Monday, 29 January 2024

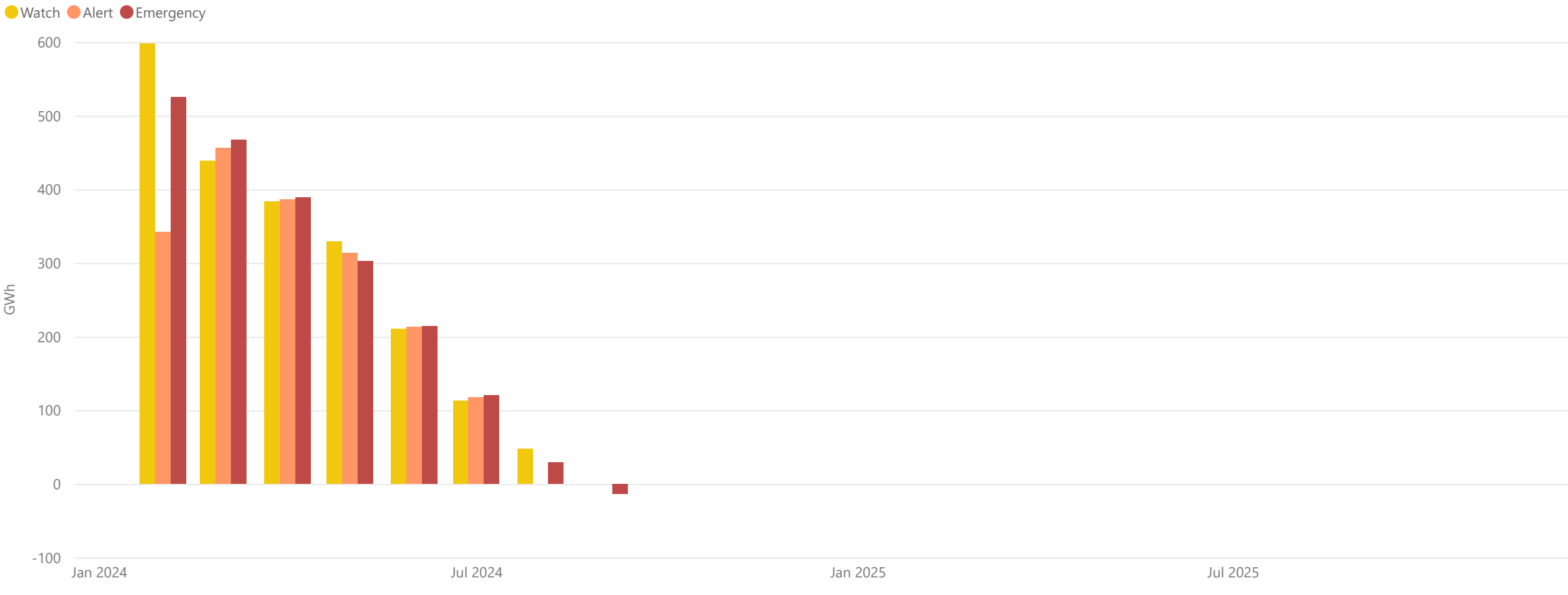
The changes to the Watch/Alert/Emergency curves compared to last month are shown below.

There was a significant increase in the curves this month. The risk curves are at a similar level to what they were in the November update. The forecasted gas production has decreased on average by 8% across 2024 so there is lower gas availability for electricity generation.

Base Case - Change in New Zealand Electricity Risk Curves



Base Case - Change in South Island Electricity Risk Curves



Base Case - Thermal Deratings

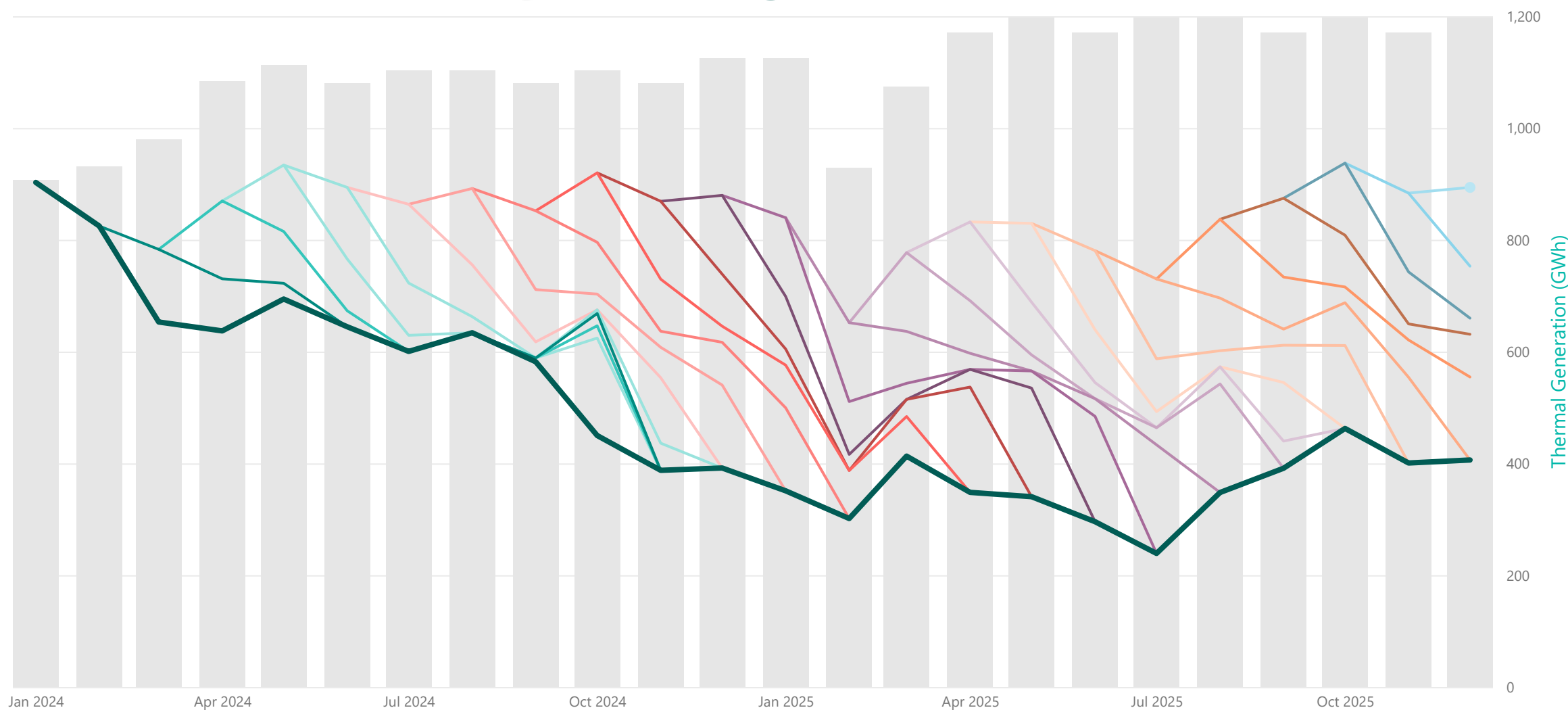
Monday, 29 January 2024

The thermal deratings and key considerations for the January 2024 ERC update are below:

- Gas deratings remain high throughout 2024 and 2025. These deratings mean there would be limited response from gas generation in a prolonged dry sequence, even if the units are available. Note that these deratings could change if gas production forecasts increase or formal agreements around gas reallocation are made.
- There are gas production outages in March and April 2024.
- The coal stockpile remains high enough to fuel a Rankine unit for ~12 months.
- Gas storage levels remain high enough to fuel TCC for ~3 months (ignoring draw down rates).
- The chart now shows the potential thermal generation based on available units and the modelled thermal generation based on gas availability for electricity generation.

Base Case - Modelled vs Potential Thermal Generation

● Potential Thermal Generation ● Modelled Thermal Generation



Modelled Thermal Generation (GWh) by Run Month

[illegible]



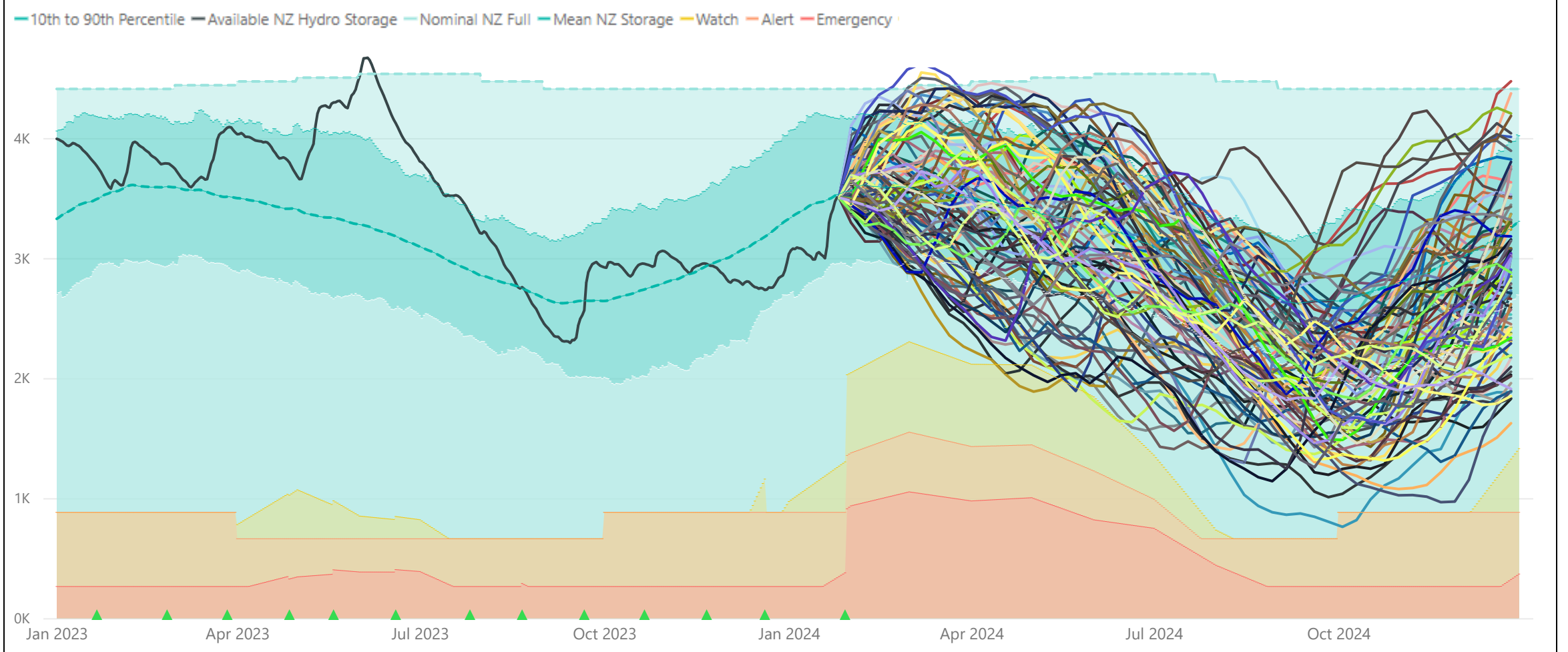
Base Case - Simulated Storage Trajectories (SSTs)

Monday, 29 January 2024

The January SST update is shown below:

- Start storage is back up at average.
- In winter 2024, 5 SSTs cross the NZ Watch Status Curve, and 1 SST crosses the NZ Alert Status curve in October.
- 2 SSTs cross the SI Alert Status Curve in October 2024.

Base Case - New Zealand SST Electricity Risk Status Curves (Available GWh)



Base Case - South Island SST Electricity Risk Status Curves (Available GWh)

